Unit: 4. Inequalities

## VOCABULARY

| absolute value | the distance from zero on the number line |
| :---: | :---: |
| compound inequality | a statement formed by two or more inequalities |
| element | a member of a set |
| intersection | the intersection of sets $A$ and $B$ is defined as any elements that are in both set $A$ and set $B$ |
| linear inequality | an open sentence of the form $A x+B y+C<0$ or $A x+B y+C$ $>0$ |
| maximum | the largest value |
| minimum | the smallest value |
| null set | a set containing no elements; also called the empty set |
| set | a collection or group of objects indicated by braces, $\{$ \} |
| solution | a value or values of the variable that make an algebraic sentence true |
| subset | set $A$ is a subset of set $B$ if all of the elements of set $A$ are contained in set $B$ or it is the empty set |
| union | the union of sets $A$ and $B$ is defined as any elements that are in either set $A$ or set $B$ |

